

Lec 22 (Stress equilibrium eq. in cylindrical coordinate system)

Note Title

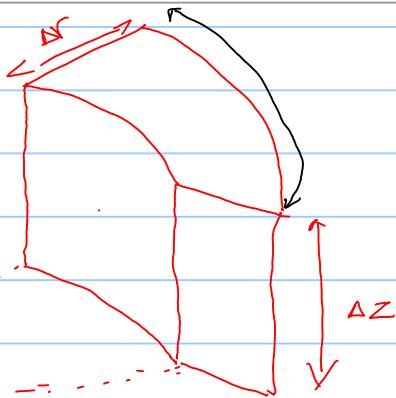
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Traction force on $+r$ and $-r$ planes

$$\underline{t}^{+r}(r + \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) = \sigma_{rr}(r + \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) e_r \\ + \tau_{\theta r}(r + \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) e_\theta \\ + \tau_{zr}(r + \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) e_z$$

$$\underline{t}^{-r}(r - \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) = -\sigma_{rr}(r - \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) e_r \\ - \tau_{\theta r}(r - \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) e_\theta \\ - \tau_{zr}(r - \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) e_z$$

$$A^{+r} = \left(r + \frac{\Delta r}{2}\right) \Delta \theta \Delta z, \quad A^{-r} = \left(r - \frac{\Delta r}{2}\right) \Delta \theta \Delta z$$



$$F^{+r} + F^{-r} = \underline{t}^{+r} \cdot A^{+r} + \underline{t}^{-r} \cdot A^{-r} \\ = \Delta \theta \Delta z \left[\left(r + \frac{\Delta r}{2}\right) \left\{ \sigma_{rr}(r + \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) e_r + \dots \right\} \right. \\ \left. + \left(r - \frac{\Delta r}{2}\right) \left\{ -\sigma_{rr}(r - \frac{\Delta r}{2}, \theta, z) e_r - \dots \right\} \right]$$

$$f = r \sigma_{rr} = \Delta \theta \Delta z \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r \sigma_{rr}) e_r \Delta r + \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r \tau_{\theta r}) e_\theta \Delta r \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r \tau_{zr}) e_z \Delta r \right] \\ = r \Delta \theta \Delta z \left[\frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{\partial \sigma_{rr}}{\partial r} + \sigma_{rr} \right] e_r + \frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{\partial \tau_{\theta r}}{\partial r} + \tau_{\theta r} \right] e_\theta + \frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{\partial \tau_{zr}}{\partial r} + \tau_{zr} \right] e_z \right]$$

$$= \Delta V \left[\frac{\partial \sigma_{rr}}{\partial r} e_r + \frac{\partial \tau_{\theta r}}{\partial r} e_\theta + \frac{\partial \tau_{zr}}{\partial r} e_z + \frac{\sigma_{rr}}{r} e_r + \frac{\tau_{\theta r}}{r} e_\theta + \frac{\tau_{zr}}{r} e_z \right]$$

$$\text{Total traction force: } \left[\frac{\partial \sigma_{zz}}{\partial z} e_z + \frac{\partial \tau_{rz}}{\partial z} e_\theta + \frac{\partial \tau_{yz}}{\partial z} e_r \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial \tau_{rz}}{\partial r} - \sigma_{rr} \right) e_r + \frac{1}{r} \left(\tau_{rz} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{rr}}{\partial r} \right) e_\theta + \frac{\partial \tau_{zo}}{\partial \theta} e_z \right] \Delta V \\ + \left[\frac{\partial \sigma_{rr}}{\partial r} e_r + \frac{\sigma_{rr}}{r} e_r \right. \\ \left. + \left(\frac{\partial \tau_{rz}}{\partial r} + \frac{\sigma_{rr}}{r} \right) e_\theta + \left(\frac{\partial \tau_{zo}}{\partial r} + \frac{\tau_{rz}}{r} \right) e_z + \left(\frac{\partial \tau_{zx}}{\partial r} + \frac{\tau_{rz}}{r} \right) e_z \right] \Delta V$$

$$\text{Body force: } (b_r e_r + b_\theta e_\theta + b_z e_z) \Delta V \\ \frac{d}{dt} (\underline{P}) = \rho (a_r e_r + a_\theta e_\theta + a_z e_z) \Delta V$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r} (\underline{\sigma}) \otimes e_r + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\underline{\sigma}) \otimes e_\theta + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\underline{\sigma}) \otimes e_z$$

$$\underline{\epsilon}_r : \frac{\partial \sigma_{rr}}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \sigma_{r\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{rz}}{\partial z} + \frac{\sigma_{rr} - \sigma_{\theta\theta}}{r} + b_r = \rho a_r$$

$$\underline{\epsilon}_{\theta} : \frac{\partial \sigma_{\theta r}}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \sigma_{\theta\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{\theta z}}{\partial z} + \frac{\sigma_{r\theta} + \sigma_{\theta r}}{r} + b_{\theta} = \rho a_{\theta}$$

$$\underline{\epsilon}_z : \frac{\partial \sigma_{rz}}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \sigma_{z\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{zz}}{\partial z} + \frac{\sigma_{rz}}{r} + b_z = \rho a_z$$

$$\underline{\epsilon} = \frac{1}{2} (\underline{\nabla} u + \underline{\nabla} u^T)$$

$$u = u_r e_r + u_{\theta} e_{\theta} + u_z e_z$$

$$\underline{\nabla} u = \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} e_r \otimes e_r + \underbrace{\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta} e_r \otimes e_{\theta}}_{\cancel{e_r \otimes e_{\theta}}} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} e_r \otimes e_z$$

$$\left[\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} e_r + \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial r} e_{\theta} + \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial r} e_z \right] \otimes e_r$$

$$\left[\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial z} e_r + \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial z} e_{\theta} + \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} e_z \right] \otimes e_z$$

$$r \quad \frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} e_r + \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} e_{\theta} + \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \theta} e_z + \cancel{u_r e_{\theta} - u_{\theta} e_r} \right] \otimes e_{\theta}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\nabla} u \\ (e_r - e_{\theta} - e_z) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} & \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} - u_{\theta} \right) & \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial r} & \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + u_r \right) & \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \theta} & \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Gro}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\epsilon} \\ (e_r - e_{\theta} - e_z) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \\ \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} - u_{\theta} \right) \right] \\ \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + u_r \right) \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} \right) \\ \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\tau_{r\theta} = 2 (\underline{\epsilon} e_r) \cdot e_{\theta} = 2 \epsilon_{r\theta}$$

$$\epsilon_{\theta\theta} = \alpha (\underline{\epsilon} e_{\theta}) \cdot e_{\theta} = \epsilon_{\theta\theta}$$